Safety Data Sheet according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) with its amendment Regulation (EU) 2015/830

ELME MESSER G/4/S

acetylene (dissolved)

Issue date: 03/06/2016 SDS reference: LIT-C2H2-001 Supersedes: 03/03/2017

Revision date: 14/01/2020

Version: 2.0



SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Danger

1.1. Product identifier	
Trade name	: acetylene (dissolved)
SDS no	: LIT-C2H2-001
Chemical description	: acetylene (dissolved)
	CAS-No. : 74-86-2
	EC-No. : 200-816-9
	EC Index-No. : 601-015-00-0
Registration-No.	: 01-2119457406-36
Chemical formula	: C2H2
1.2. Relevant identified uses of the su	bstance or mixture and uses advised against
Relevant identified uses	: Industrial and professional uses. Perform risk assessment prior to use.
	Test gas/Calibration gas.
	Laboratory use.
	Chemical reaction / Synthesis.
	Use as a fuel.
	Fuel gas for welding, cutting, heating, brazing and soldering applications.
	Contact supplier for more information on uses.
	See the list of identified uses and exposure scenarios in the annex of the safety data sheet.
Uses advised against	: Consumer use.
1.3. Details of the supplier of the safe	ty data sheet
Company identification	: Elme Messer Lit
	Ateities g.10 B-1
	LT-08303 Vilnius - Lietuva www.elmemesser.lv
	vilnius@elmemesser.lv
1.4. Emergency telephone number	
Emergency telephone number	Apsinuodijimu tarnybos pagalbos telefonas – +370 5 236 20 52 24 valandas per para

Emergency telephone number

: Apsinuodijimų tarnybos pagalbos telefonas - +370 5 236 20 52, 24 valandas per parą

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according	to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	
Physical hazards	Flam. Gas 1	H220
	Chem. Unst. Gas A	H230
	Press. Gas (Diss.)	H280

2.2. Label elements

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

ELME MESSER G/4/S	acetylene (dissolved)
	SDS Ref.: LIT-C2H2-001
Hazard pictograms (CLP)	GHS02 GHS04
Signal word (CLP)	: Danger
Hazard statements (CLP)	: H220 - Extremely flammable gas.
	H230 - May react explosively even in the absence of air.
	H280 - Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
Precautionary statements (CLP)	
	- Prevention : P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
	P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
	- Response : P377 - Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely.
	P381 - Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.
	- Storage : P403 - Store in a well-ventilated place.

2.3. Other hazards

: None.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Name	Product identifier	%	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]
acetylene (dissolved)	(CAS-No.) 74-86-2 (EC-No.) 200-816-9 (EC Index-No.) 601-015-00-0 (Registration-No.) 01-2119457406-36	100	Flam. Gas 1, H220 Chem. Unst. Gas A, H230 Press. Gas (Diss.), H280

The cylinder contains a porous material which in some cases contains asbestos fibres. The asbestos fibres are encapsulated in the solid porous material and are not released under normal conditions of use. See section 13 for the disposal of those cylinders.

Dimethylformamide is, on the Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC) and is subject to restrictions on its use.(Annex XVII of Reach).

For safety reasons, the acetylene is dissolved in acetone (Flam. Liq. 2, Eye Irrit. 2, STOT SE 3) or dimethylformamide (Flam.Liq.3, Repr. 1B, Acute Tox. 4, Eye Irrit. 2) in the gas receptacle. Vapour of the solvent is carried away as impurity when the acetylene is extracted from the gas receptacle. The concentration of the solvent vapour in the gas is lower than the concentration limits to change the classification of the acetylene.

Contains no other components or impurities which will influence the classification of the product.

3.2. Mixtures : Not applicable

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

- Inhalation	 Remove victim to uncontaminated area wearing self contained breathing apparatus. Keep victim warm and rested. Call a doctor. Perform cardiopulmonary resuscitation if breathing stopped.
- Skin contact	: Adverse effects not expected from this product.
- Eye contact	: Adverse effects not expected from this product.
- Ingestion	: Ingestion is not considered a potential route of exposure.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

 In high concentrations may cause asphyxiation. Symptoms may include loss of mobility/consciousness. Victim may not be aware of asphyxiation.
 In low concentrations may cause narcotic effects. Symptoms may include dizziness, headache, nausea and loss of co-ordination.
 Refer to section 11.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

: Obtain medical assistance.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media		
- Suitable extinguishing media		Water spray or fog. Dry powder.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media		Do not use water jet to extinguish. Carbon dioxide.
5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance	e o	or mixture
Specific hazards	: 1	Exposure to fire may cause containers to rupture/explode.
Hazardous combustion products	: 1	Incomplete combustion may form carbon monoxide. Carbon monoxide.
5.3. Advice for firefighters		
Specific methods	ı j	Use fire control measures appropriate for the surrounding fire. Exposure to fire and heat radiation may cause gas receptacles to rupture. Cool endangered receptacles with water spray jet from a protected position. Prevent water used in emergency cases from entering sewers and drainage systems.
	I	If possible, stop flow of product.
	l	Use water spray or fog to knock down fire fumes if possible.
		Do not extinguish a leaking gas flame unless absolutely necessary. Spontaneous/explosive re- ignition may occur. Extinguish any other fire.
	(Continue water spray from protected position until container stays cool.
	I	Move containers away from the fire area if this can be done without risk.
Special protective equipment for fire fighters	: 1	In confined space use self-contained breathing apparatus.
		Standard protective clothing and equipment (Self Contained Breathing Apparatus) for fire fighters.
		Standard EN 137 - Self-contained open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus with full face mask.
		Standard EN 469 - Protective clothing for firefighters. Standard - EN 659: Protective gloves for firefighters.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

ELME MESSER G44S acetylene (dissolved)	
	SDS Ref.: LIT-C2H2-00
	: Try to stop release.
	Evacuate area. Monitor concentration of released product.
	Consider the risk of potentially explosive atmospheres.
	Wear self-contained breathing apparatus when entering area unless atmosphere is proved to
	be safe.
	Eliminate ignition sources.
	Ensure adequate air ventilation.
	Act in accordance with local emergency plan. Stay upwind.
.2. Environmental precautions	
	: Try to stop release.
3.3. Methods and material for containn	nent and cleaning up
	: Ventilate area.
6.4. Reference to other sections	
	: See also sections 8 and 13.
SECTION 7: Handling and stora	age
7.1. Precautions for safe handling	
_	: The product must be handled in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures.
_	procedures. Only experienced and properly instructed persons should handle gases under pressure.
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7.1. Precautions for safe handling Safe use of the product	 procedures. Only experienced and properly instructed persons should handle gases under pressure. Consider pressure relief device(s) in gas installations. Ensure the complete gas system was (or is regularily) checked for leaks before use. Do not smoke while handling product. Use only properly specified equipment which is suitable for this product, its supply pressure an temperature. Contact your gas supplier if in doubt. Avoid suck back of water, acid and alkalis. Assess the risk of potentially explosive atmospheres and the need for explosion-proof equipment. Purge air from system before introducing gas. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Keep away from ignition sources (including static discharges). Consider the use of only non-sparking tools. Avoid contact with pure copper, mercury, silver and brass with greater than 65% copper. Do not use alloys containing more than 43% silver. Operating pressure in piping should be limited to 1.5 bar (gauge) or less due to more stringent national regulations (with maximum diameter DN25). Consider the use of flash back arrestors. Solvent may accumulate in piping systems. Prior to maintenance activities, perform a risk assessment based on the solvent in use. In case of DMF, take into account the conditions of it
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acetylene (dissolved)	
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Safe handling of the gas receptacle	 Refer to supplier's container handling instructions. Do not allow backfeed into the container. Protect containers from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide or drop. When moving cylinders, even for short distances, use a cart (trolley, hand truck, etc.) designed to transport cylinders. Leave valve protection caps in place until the container has been secured against either a wall or bench or placed in a container stand and is ready for use. If user experiences any difficulty operating valve discontinue use and contact supplier. Never attempt to repair or modify container valves or safety relief devices. Damaged valves should be reported immediately to the supplier. Keep container valve outlets clean and free from contaminants particularly oil and water. Replace valve outlet caps or plugs and container caps where supplied as soon as container is disconnected from equipment. Close container valve after each use and when empty, even if still connected to equipment. Never attempt to transfer gases from one cylinder/container to another. Never use direct flame or electrical heating devices to raise the pressure of a container. Do not remove or deface labels provided by the supplier for the identification of the content of the container. Suck back of water into the container must be prevented. Open valve slowly to avoid pressure shock.
7.2. Conditions for safe storage, includi	 ng any incompatibilities Observe all regulations and local requirements regarding storage of containers. Containers should not be stored in conditions likely to encourage corrosion. Container valve guards or caps should be in place. Containers should be stored in the vertical position and properly secured to prevent them from falling over. Stored containers should be periodically checked for general condition and leakage. Keep container below 50°C in a well ventilated place. Store containers in location free from fire risk and away from sources of heat and ignition. Keep away from combustible materials. Segregate from oxidant gases and other oxidants in store. All electrical equipment in the storage areas should be compatible with the risk of a potentially explosive atmosphere.
7.3. Specific end use(s)	: None.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

acetylene (dissolved) (74-86-2)		
DNEL: Derived no effect level (Workers)		
Acute - systemic effects, inhalation	2675 mg/m³ 2500 ppm	
Long-term - systemic effects, inhalation	2675 mg/m ³ 2500 ppm	

PNEC (Predicted No-Effect Concentration) : None established.

8.2. Exposure controls

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acetylene (dissolved)

SDS Ref.: LIT-C2H2-001

8.2.1. Appropriate engineering controls	
	: Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation.
	Product to be handled in a closed system.
	Systems under pressure should be regularily checked for leakages.
	Ensure exposure is below occupational exposure limits (where available).
	Gas detectors should be used when flammable gases/vapours may be released.
	The substance is not classified for human health hazards or for environment effects and it is not PBT or vPvB so that no exposure assessment or risk characterisation is required. For tasks where the intervention of workers is required, the substance must be handled in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures.
	Consider the use of a work permit system e.g. for maintenance activities.
8.2.2. Individual protection measures, e.g. pe	rsonal protective equipment
	 A risk assessment should be conducted and documented in each work area to assess the risks related to the use of the product and to select the PPE that matches the relevant risk. The following recommendations should be considered: PPE compliant to the recommended EN/ISO standards should be selected. Wear goggles with suitable filter lenses when use is cutting/welding.
Eye/face protection	: Wear safety glasses with side shields. Standard EN 166 - Personal eye-protection - specifications.
Skin protection	
- Hand protection	: Wear working gloves when handling gas containers.
	Standard EN 388 - Protective gloves against mechanical risk.
- Other	 Consider the use of flame resistant anti-static safety clothing. Standard EN ISO 14116 - Limited flame spread materials. Standard EN 1149-5 - Protective clothing: Electrostatic properties. Wear safety shoes while handling containers. Standard EN ISO 20345 - Personal protective equipment - Safety footwear.
Respiratory protection	 None necessary. Gas filters may be used if all surrounding conditions e.g. type and concentration of the contaminant(s) and duration of use are known. Use gas filters with full face mask, where exposure limits may be exceeded for a short-term period, e.g. connecting or disconnecting containers. Gas filters do not protect against oxygen deficiency. Standard EN 14387 - Gas filter(s), combined filter(s) and standard EN136, full face masks .
Thermal hazards	: None necessary. Wear goggles with suitable filter lenses when use is cutting/welding.
8.2.3. Environmental exposure controls	
	: Refer to local regulations for restriction of emissions to the atmosphere. See section 13 for

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties Appearance Physical state at 20°C / 101.3kPa : Gas • Colour : Colourless. Odour : Garlic like. Poor warning properties at low concentrations. Odour threshold : Odour threshold is subjective and inadequate to warn of overexposure. pН : Not applicable. Melting point / Freezing point : -80.8 °C Boiling point : -84 °C

specific methods for waste gas treatment.

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acetylene (dissolved)

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Flash point	: Not applicable for gases and gas mixtures.
Evaporation rate	: Not applicable for gases and gas mixtures.
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Extremely flammable gas.
Explosive limits	[:] 2.3 - 100 vol %
Vapour pressure [20°C]	: 44 bar(a)
Vapour pressure [50°C]	: Not applicable.
Vapour density	: Not applicable.
Relative density, liquid (water=1)	: Not applicable.
Relative density, gas (air=1)	: 0.9
Water solubility	: 1185 mg/l
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow)	: 0.37
Auto-ignition temperature	: 305 °C
Decomposition temperature	: 635 °C
Viscosity	: Not applicable.
Explosive properties	: Not applicable.
Oxidising properties	: None.
9.2. Other information	
Molar mass	: 26 g/mol
Critical temperature [°C]	: 35 °C
Other data	: None.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity	
	: No reactivity hazard other than the effects described in sub-sections below.
10.2. Chemical stability	
	: Dissolved in a solvent supported in a porous mass.
	Stable under recommended handling and storage conditions (see section 7).
	May react explosively even in the absence of air.
10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions	
	: May react violently with oxidants.
	Can form explosive mixture with air.
	May react explosively even in the absence of air.
	May decompose violently at high temperature and/or pressure or in the presence of a catalyst.
10.4. Conditions to avoid	
	: Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. – No smoking.
	High temperature.
	High pressure.
	Avoid moisture in installation systems.
10.5. Incompatible materials	
	: Forms explosive acetylides with copper, silver and mercury.
	Do not use alloys containing more than 65% copper.
	Air, Oxidisers.
	Do not use alloys containing more than 43% silver.
	For additional information on compatibility refer to ISO 11114.
10.6. Hazardous decomposition products	

acetylene (dissolved)

SDS Ref.: LIT-C2H2-001

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information 11.1. Information on toxicological effects Acute toxicity : Classification criteria are not met. Acetylene has low inhalation toxicity, the LOAEC for mild intoxication in humans with no residual effects is 100 000ppm (107,000 mg/m3). There are no data on oral and dermal toxicity (studies are not technically feasible as the substance is a gas at room temperature.

Skin corrosion/irritation	: No known effects from this product.
Serious eye damage/irritation	: No known effects from this product.
Respiratory or skin sensitisation	: No known effects from this product.
Germ cell mutagenicity	: No known effects from this product.
Carcinogenicity	: No known effects from this product.
Toxic for reproduction : Fertility	: No known effects from this product.
Toxic for reproduction : unborn child	: No known effects from this product.
STOT-single exposure	: No known effects from this product.
STOT-repeated exposure	: No known effects from this product.
Aspiration hazard	: Not applicable for gases and gas mixtures.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Assessment	: Classification criteria are not met.		
EC50 48h - Daphnia magna [mg/l] EC50 72h - Algae [mg/l] LC50 96 h - Fish [mg/l]	: 242 mg/l : 57 mg/l : 545 mg/l		
12.2. Persistence and degradability			
Assessment	: Will rapidly degrade by indirect photolysis Will not undergo hydrolysis.	in air.	
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential			
Assessment	: Not expected to bioaccumulate due to the Refer to section 9.	e low log Kow (log Kow < 4).	
<u>12.4. Mobility in soil</u>			
Assessment	: Because of its high volatility, the product Partition into soil is unlikely.	is unlikely to cause ground or water pollution.	
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment			
Assessment	: Not classified as PBT or vPvB.		
<u>12.6. Other adverse effects</u> Other adverse effects Effect on the ozone layer	No known effects from this product.No known effects from this product.		
Elme Messer Lit	EN (English)	SDS Ref.: LIT-C2H2-001	8

ELME MESSER GAAS acetylene (dissolved) SDS Ref.: LIT-C2H2-001 Effect on global warming : No known effects from this product. **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations** 13.1. Waste treatment methods Contact supplier if guidance is required. Do not discharge into any place where its accumulation could be dangerous. Ensure that the emission levels from local regulations or operating permits are not exceeded. Refer to the EIGA code of practice Doc.30 "Disposal of Gases", downloadable at http://www.eiga.eu for more guidance on suitable disposal methods. Return unused product in original container to supplier. List of hazardous waste codes (from : 16 05 04 *: Gases in pressure containers (including halons) containing hazardous substances. Commission Decision 2000/532/EC as amended) 13.2. Additional information : Dispose of cylinder via gas supplier only. Cylinder contains a porous material which in some cases contains asbestos fibres and is saturated with a solvent (acetone or dimethylformamide). External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.

SECTION 14: Transport information		
<u>14.1. UN number</u>		
UN-No.	: 1001	
14.2. UN proper shipping name		
Transport by road/rail (ADR/RID)	[:] ACETYLENE, DISSOLVED	
Transport by air (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR)	[:] ACETYLENE, DISSOLVED	
Transport by sea (IMDG)	· ACETYLENE, DISSOLVED	
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)		
Labelling		
	2.1 : Flammable gases.	
Transport by road/rail (ADR/RID)		
Class	: 2	
Classification code	: 4F	
Hazard identification number	: 239	
Tunnel Restriction	: B/D - Tank carriage : Passage forbidden through tunnels of category B, C, D and E. O carriage : Passage forbidden through tunnels of category D and E	vther
Transport by air (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR)		
Class / Div. (Sub. risk(s))	: 2.1	
Transport by sea (IMDG)		
Class / Div. (Sub. risk(s))	: 2.1	
Emergency Schedule (EmS) - Fire	: F-D	
Emergency Schedule (EmS) - Spillage	: S-U	
14.4. Packing group		
Transport by road/rail (ADR/RID)	: Not applicable	
Elmo Mossor Lit	EN (English) SDS Paf - LIT C2H2 004	0/11

ELME MESSER G/4/S

acetylene (dissolved)

SDS Ref.: LIT-C2H2-001

Transport by air (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR)	: Not applicable
Transport by sea (IMDG)	: Not applicable
14.5. Environmental hazards	
Transport by road/rail (ADR/RID)	: None.
Transport by air (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR)	: None.
Transport by sea (IMDG)	: None.
14.6. Special precautions for user	
Packing Instruction(s)	
Transport by road/rail (ADR/RID)	: P200
Transport by air (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR)	
Passenger and Cargo Aircraft	: Forbidden.
Cargo Aircraft only	: 200.
Transport by sea (IMDG)	: P200
Special transport precautions	: Avoid transport on vehicles where the load space is not separated from the driver's compartment.
	Ensure vehicle driver is aware of the potential hazards of the load and knows what to do in the event of an accident or an emergency.
	Before transporting product containers:
	- Ensure there is adequate ventilation.
	- Ensure that containers are firmly secured.
	- Ensure valve is closed and not leaking.
	- Ensure valve outlet cap nut or plug (where provided) is correctly fitted.
	- Ensure valve protection device (where provided) is correctly fitted.

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

: Not applicable.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information		
15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture		
EU-Regulations		
Restrictions on use	: None.	
Other information, restriction and prohibition regulations	: Ensure all national/local regulations are observed.	
Seveso Directive : 2012/18/EU (Seveso III)	: Listed.	
National regulations		
No additional information available		
15.2. Chemical safety assessment		
	: Refer to section 8.2.	
	A CSA has been carried out.	
	An exposure assessment does not need to be carried out for this product.	
SECTION 16: Other information		
Indication of changes	: Revised safety data sheet in accordance with commission regulation (EU) No 2015/830.	

ELME MESSER GAAS	acetylene (dissolved)
	SDS Ref.: LIT-C2H2-001
Abbreviations and acronyms	: ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate
	CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
	REACH - Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006
	EINECS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
	CAS# - Chemical Abstract Service number
	PPE - Personal Protection Equipment
	LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population
	RMM - Risk Management Measures
	PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
	vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative
	STOT- SE : Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure
	CSA - Chemical Safety Assessment
	EN - European Standard
	UN - United Nations
	ADR - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
	IATA - International Air Transport Association
	IMDG code - International Maritime Dangerous Goods
	RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail
	WGK - Water Hazard Class
	STOT - RE : Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure
Training advice	: Ensure operators understand the flammability hazard.
	The hazard of asphyxiation is often overlooked and must be stressed during operator training.
DISCLAIMER OF LIABILITY	 Before using this product in any new process or experiment, a thorough material compatibility and safety study should be carried out.
	Details given in this document are believed to be correct at the time of going to press.
	Whilst proper care has been taken in the preparation of this document, no liability for injury or damage resulting from its use can be accepted.